



Regreen fact sheets - showcasing inspiring NBS from across Europe

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Showcasing inspiring examples of Nature Based Solutions (NBS) from cities around Europe to serve as a reference on NBS planning and implementation can be a common practice in some European projects. However, a description of the process to obtain the necessary data is not usually included in the final output. This differentiates REGREEN's fact sheets, as we show the process that was pursued to get to the end result! The fact sheets showcase 13 inspiring NBS applied case studies, covering the following topics: Biodiversity (two fact sheets: 1,2); Governance (two fact sheets: 1,2); Health and Wellbeing; Education; Water Quality Improvement; Flood Mitigation; Noise Mitigation; Heat Mitigation; Air Quality Improvement; Business Activation; and Urban Design Elements. A guide range of NBSs case typologies are covered; such as green roofs, restoration projects, urban forests or artificial wetlands.

All of the fact sheets share a similar structure including Objectives, Description, Challenges, Opportunities, Lessons learned, Inspiration for others, and a connection with the Sustainable Development Goals.







JECTIVES

itinburgh Living Landscape is a nature network that to benefit both local people and wildlife and make of Edinburgh one of the most sustainable cities ope by 2050. The network's goal is to introduce a cross the city neighbourhoods and demonstrate meeting the network of the commentation of the co

DESCRIPTION
actives the above mentioned goal, Edinburgh Living discape aims to establish attractive, blo-rich meadows, ub beds, and woodlands across the city, thus reinforcing de expanding existing green networks and reconnecting people of Edinburgh to their natural environment, is project comprises a group of organisations, such the following: Sostith Wildlifer Tust, Royal Botant criden Edinburgh, Edinburgh, & Lothians Greenspace at Illeansen Of Cell Industria. anden Edinburgh, Edinburgh & Lothians Greenspace rust, University of Edinburgh, NatureScot, Butterfly onservation Trust, and Royal Society for the Protection of irrds Scotland, which work together to create a multi-scale abovit of green spaces.

The project made use of Geographic Information Systems to identify suitable areas in which to act. During the mapping process, potential locations for more naturalised grasslands were identified, always trying to get a spatial

balance across the city. The project involves interview with the existing green estate through a mix seeding, bulb planting and relaxed grass cutting in the seeding, bulb planting and relaxed grass cutting in managed grassland areas with strong cutting; every few weeks. The introduction of a properly main wildflower meadow allows the pollinator population other species of insects, birds and mammals to the

During those years, the University of Edinburgh carried out 221 meadow pollinator monitoring surveys at different sites and over a period of time to identify which specific species have been benefitting from the changes. The city council measured the extent of the area transformed for

Since the start of the ELL, the council has had an ongoing public information strategy to ensure the citizens were aware of the changes made in local parks and green

The elaboration process is also an important part of the fact sheets. It entailed several simultaneous, overlapping and iterative phases, which can be summarized as follows:

- Contact Regreen experts: Email exchanges and virtual meetings with experts in different fields related to NBS to agree on the set of 11 NBS-related topics and to co-design the structure of the questionnaires and interviews.
- Oppla Platform as a source of NBS Cases: Oppla was chosen as the sample frame to extract inspirational cases and a detailed spreadsheet with several filters was prepared to assess these.
- Case Selection Process: Inspiring practices were identified in terms of the 11 NBS-related topics, some of them beyond the Oppla platform. The ICLEI team had the chance to complement the already rich Oppla database of cases, adding around ten new cases to it.
- Questionnaires and Interviews: Questionnaires specific to each topic were designed and sent to each case owner for responses, followed up by interviews to

clarify any open questions, agree on the provision of images, and obtain permission for the use of the collected information.

Drafting Process of the Fact Sheets: Once the concrete fact sheet structure was set up, a draft for each topic was prepared and shared with the case owners for review. Following the integration of their feedback, a second draft was sent to REGREEN partners and ICLEI colleagues to ensure quality check in terms of content and language. Finally, the end version of each fact sheet was sent out to the designer.

We have received a lot of positive feedback on the fact sheets already, as these highlight good practices that can be inspiring for many cities around the world. Selected fact sheets will be promoted in China through the REGREEN Urban Living Labs in China (Beijing, Shanghai and Ningbo) and through the ICLEI East Asia network.







The location of the cases include the following cities: Dortmund, Hamburg, Sachsenheim, Stuttgart, Ludwigsburg (Germany), London, Edinburg (United Kingdom) Turin, Santhía, Gorla Maggiore (Italy) Almada (Portugal), Vienna (Austria), Malaga (Spain).

If you are interested in knowing more about each of the inspiring NBS cases, please visit the Regreen Website.